

G. W. Weaver & Son

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January's Clearance Sale

FURS

A New Years sale of guaranteed "Narobia" and Natural Furs, Under Price

An opportunity for women of Fashion to be fashionably "furred" at a minimum out-lay. The neck pieces are in various modish shapes, satin lined. The muffis are large pillow shapes, warm, non shedding stoutly sewed and lined in high quality silks and satins. We quote only a few of the many prices.

"NAROBIA" BLACK SHAWLS and SCARFS. Were \$7.00, \$9.00, \$10.00. Now

\$5.95, 7.25, 7.95

LARGE PILLOW MUFFS to match. Were \$7.00, \$10.00, \$14.50. Now

\$5.40, 7.90, 12.00

BLK. and BROWN DYED OPOSSUM SHAWLS and SCARFS. Were \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00. Now

\$5.00, 6.50, 8.90, 9.50

WATER MINK SHAWLS and SCARFS. Were \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.00. Now

\$5.75, 7.95, 9.75

MUFFS to match. Same Reductions.

ISABELLA and BLK. DYED FOX. Were \$10.00, \$15.00, \$20.00. Now

\$7.50, 11.00, 15.75

HANDSOME PILLOW MUFFS to match at

\$7.50 to 16.00

HUDSON SEAL MUFF. Was \$22.50. Now

\$18.75

BLACK LYNX MUFF. Was \$35.00. Now

\$28.50

WILD CAT SETS. Now

\$9.00, 14.00

NAT. OPOSSUM and RACCOON SETS. Now

\$10.00, 14.50 to 18.50

Worth at least a fourth and a third more.

BLACK CONEY MUFFS—Large Pillow Shapes. Were \$4.00, \$2.50, \$1.59. Now

\$3.35, 2.20, 1.25

Clean up in Ready-to-Wear Dep't

1 lot LINGERIE and TAILORED WAISTS. Were \$1.00 to \$3.00. Now

50 cents

1 lot NEI and SILK WAISTS. Were \$2.50 to \$5.00. Now

\$1.00

These Waists are all in sizes 34, 40 and 42.

1 lot SATIN MESSALINE WAISTS, in colors. Were \$3.50 to \$5.00. Now

\$1.50 to 2.50

1 lot FLEECE DRESSING SACQUES. Were \$1.00. Now

35 & 50 cts.

ALL LADIES TAILORED SUITS. Were \$12.00 to \$30.00. Now

1-2 price

1 lot CHILDREN'S and MISSES' COATS. 1913-14. Were \$3.50 to \$5.00. Now

\$1.50 to 3.50

1 lot LADIES' COATS. Winter 1913-14. Were \$10.00 to \$25.00. Now

\$5.00

Many others still lower priced.

Balance of stock of late style LADIES' COATS. Were \$7.50 to \$25.00. Now

\$5 to 11.90

Balance of stock of late style MISSES' COATS. Were \$4.50 to \$12.00. Now

\$2.25 to 5.90



Sale Values Greater

Than Ever Before

These Clearance Values Demand Immediate Attention, as a complete clearance of All Winter Merchandise is necessary, to which we have added Great Stocks of New Cotton goods, now temporarily very cheap and on which we are sacrificing a part of the usual profit to make the Sale attractive to all the people.

It is hardly possible in the scope of this advertisement to give particulars all through. We mention a few items however as an earnest of what you can expect.

The Cotton Goods market is now at its very lowest prices for a period of years. Recent heavy purchases by us, and price adjustments of stock on hand make this a very important buying time, as we believe as soon as business opens for Spring there will be price reactions all along the line.

Long Cloths and Cambrics	Bleached Muslins	Sheets and Pillow Casings	Persian Lawns
Were 12 1-2 and 15c.; Now 11 and 12 1-2 c. 10 and 12 1-2 c.; Now 9 and 10c. 15 and 18c.; Now 12 1-2 and 15c.	Yard wide Bleached Muslins, well known brands are: Now 10c., or 9c. by the 10 yds. Were 12 1-2 c. Were 10c., now 8 1-2 by 10 yd. Now 7 1-2c., were 9c. Now 6 1-4c. per yd.; were 8c.	Sheetings and Pillow Casings, well known brands: 42 in. P. Casing was 16c.; now 18c. 45 in. P. Casing, was 18c.; now 15c. 54 in. P. Casing, was 22c.; now 19c. 8-4 Sheeting, was 27c.; now 24c. 9-4 Sheeting, was 29c.; now 25c. 10-4 Sheeting, was 32c. now 28c. Other makes at equal reductions. Special Low Prices on Sheets and Pillow Cases.	Were 12 1-2c.; now 10c. 15c.; now 12 1-2c. 18 to 20c.; now 15c.
English Nainsooks	Unbleached Muslins	India Linons	Heavy Shirtings
15c.; Value 12 1-2c. 20c.; Value 15c. 25c.; Value 20c.	Yard wide and 40 in. wide Un- bleached Muslins Now 8 1-2c.; were 10c. Now 7c.; were 8c. Now 5c.; were 6 1-4c.	India Linons; lower priced as follows: Were 12 1-2c.; now 10c. 15c.; now 12 1-2c. 20c.; now 15c. 25c.; now 20c.	20 Pcs. Heavy Shirtings; the 10c. kind. now 8c. 10 Pcs. Heavy Cotton Plaids, now 5c. 28 inch Bleached Domet or Daisy Cloth, now 8c. Have made a purchase of short pieces of MADRAS SHIRTINGS, DOTTED SWISSES, DRESS GINGHAMS, PRINTED CREPES &c at about 1-3 less than price.
50 Pieces	Batt Cotton	Table Damasks	
Best yard wide Percales, 10c. Yard wide Percales, 10c. kind. 8c. Both light and dark colors. 25 Pcs. Indigo and Black and Grey Calicoes, 5c. Special Prices on all Heavy and Sheer White goods to Clean Up	200 lbs. Batt Cotton: The 10c. kind at 8c. The 12 1-2c. kind at 10c.	We were fortunate in securing about 15 pieces both Imported and made in U. S. A. Mercerized Table Dam- asks under former price, which we will sell at the follow- ing reductions. Were 60 cts. 2 yds. wide Now 50 cts. Were 50 cts. 66 in. wide Now 40 cts. Were 30 cts. 64 in. wide Now 25 cts. Lengths of Linen Damasks at a saving from off the piece price Fine Bleached Damask, 72 inches wide, \$1.00 and \$1.25 values at 85c & \$1.00 One lot of Heavy and Large Unbleached Bath Towels, Were 25 cents. Now 19 cts. Many other small lots of Towels, Napkins, &c. Under Priced	
Silks and Velvets	Wool Blankets		
Yard wide Silk Poppins, colors and blacks: Were \$1.00; now 75c. \$1.50; now \$1.00. Yard wide Cashmere Ge Soles: colors only: Were \$1.50; now 90c. Yard wide Blk. Messaline \$1.50 at \$1.15. \$1.25 at \$1.00. 28 inch Costume Velvet: colors and blacks. Were \$1.50; now \$1.10. Remnants and Shorts of Fancy and Plain Silks, some at half the former price.	Special purchases since Jan. 1st give us Wool Blankets un- der price. 70x80 size, 4 3-4 lbs., now \$3.25 72x80 size, 5 lbs., now \$3.50. 72x80 size, 5 lbs., now \$4.50. Worth from 75c to \$1.00 more. Many other price changes in Blankets. Agawam Fancy Flannels at 35c These goods are worth 60c. 1-day, are specially good wear- ing and do not shrink from washing. Wool Dress Goods Fancy Suitings: Were \$1.25; now 75 and 50c. Eponges: Were \$2.; now \$1.50. Many other price reductions of goods of a similar character to half and less. Heavy Agawam Zyrbaline Coat- ings: Were \$2; now \$1.50.		

G. W. WEAVER & SON

THE LEADERS

DRY GOODS DEPT STORE

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Gettysburg Compiler

Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN.....Editor
 SATURDAY, JAN 30, 1915.

That Historical Society.

P. O. Aaron Sheely in reviewing the objects to which an Adams County Historical Society could devote its energy toward the preservation of data and information made the following list:

1. Sketch of Pennsylvania.
2. Sketch of Chester, Lancaster and York counties.
3. Sketch of German Settlement.
4. Sketch of Scotch-Irish Settlement.
5. Sketch of Dutch Settlement.
6. Sketch of English-Quaker Settlement.
7. Sketch of Erection of Adams County.
8. Sketch of Early History of Gettysburg.
9. Sketch of Cumberland, Freedom and Liberty Townships.
10. Sketch of Hamilton, Highland and Franklin Townships.
11. Sketch of Butler, Menallen and Tyrone Townships.
12. Sketch of Huntingdon, Latimore and Reading Townships.
13. Sketch of Straban, Hamilton and Berwick Townships.
14. Sketch of Mt. Pleasant, Mt. Joy and Germany Townships.
15. Sketch of Oxford, Conewago and Union Townships.
16. Sketch of Later Gettysburg, Fairfield and Bendersville.
17. Sketch of Arentsville, York Springs and East Berlin.
18. Sketch of Abbottstown, New Oxford and McSherrystown.
19. Sketch of Littlestown.
20. Sketch of Steam Roads.
21. Sketch of Electric Roads.
22. Sketch of Turnpikes, Gettysburg and York.
23. Sketch of Turnpikes, Chambersburg and Mechanicsburg.
24. Sketch of Shippensburg Road.
25. Sketch of Hagerstown Road.
26. Sketch of Iron Industries in County.
27. Sketch of Mills and Milling.
28. Sketch of Tanneries and Their Products.
29. Sketch of Forestry.
30. Sketch of Streams.
31. Sketch of Geology and Mineralogy.
32. Sketch of Botany.
33. Sketch of Fishes.
34. Sketch of Birds.
35. Sketch of Insects.
36. Sketch of Game.
37. Sketch of Forestry.
38. Sketch of Farming.
39. Sketch of Dairying.
40. Sketch of Fruit, Apples, Peaches, Pears and Plums.
41. Sketch of Various Industries.
42. Sketch of Public Roads.
43. Sketch of Penna. College.
44. Sketch of Lutheran Theological Seminary.
45. Sketch of Stevens Hall.
46. Sketch of Early Select Schools.
47. Sketch of Common Schools.
48. Sketch of Academies.
49. Sketch of Parochial Schools.
50. Sketch of High Schools.
51. Sketch of Teachers' County Institute.
52. Sketch of District Institutes.
53. Sketch of Churches—Lutheran.
54. Sketch of Reformed Church.
55. Sketch of Catholic Church.
56. Sketch of Presbyterian Church.
57. Sketch of Methodist Church.
58. Sketch of United Brethren Church.
59. Sketch of Episcopal Church.
60. Sketch of African M. E. Church.
61. Sketch of Banks.
62. Sketch of Tobacco Industries.
63. Sketch of Telegraph.
64. Sketch of Telephone.
65. Sketch of National Cemetery.
66. Sketch of Evergreen Cemetery.
67. Sketch of Court Houses.
68. Sketch of Jails.
69. Sketch of Alms House.
70. Sketch of Stuart's Raid, 1862.
71. Sketch of Invasion, 1863.
72. Sketch of First Day's Battle.
73. Sketch of Second Day's Battle.
74. Sketch of Third Day's Battle.
75. Sketch of Cavalry Engagements.
76. Sketch of Hospitals After Battle.
77. Sketch of Taking up the Dead.
78. Sketch of Dedication of Monument.
79. Sketch of Field Hospitals.
80. Sketch of Battlefield Association.
81. Sketch of Battlefield Commission.
82. Sketch of Thaddeus Stevens.
83. Sketch of John Burns.
84. Sketch of Orphan's Homestead.
85. Sketch of Gettysburg Hotels.
86. Sketch of Beneficial Societies.
87. Sketch of Gettysburg During the Battle.
88. Sketch of Gettysburg After the Battle.
89. Sketch of Gettysburg Bar.
90. Sketch of Adams County Courts.
91. Sketch of Gettysburg Water Co.
92. Sketch of Gettysburg Gas Co.
93. Sketch of Training Days.
94. Sketch of State Coaches.
95. Sketch of Musters.
96. Sketch of Politics in the Olden Time.
97. Sketch of Noted Trials and Executions.
98. Sketch of Manners and Customs.
99. Sketch of Superstitions.
100. Sketch of Amusements and Recreations.
101. Sketch of Prohibition Movement.
102. Sketch of Aerology.
103. Sketch of Public Rellies.

Bill of Constitutional Convention.

It has been announced that a bill will be introduced in the House at Harrisburg for a constitutional convention. A similar bill was passed by the House in 1913 and defeated in the Senate. It is claimed that there is as much or more need for a new constitution to take the place of the one adopted in 1873, 42 years ago, as there was in 1873 to rewrite the constitution adopted in 1838, or 35 years before. It is also estimated that a constitutional convention would cost the State one million dollars.

The constitutional convention of 1873 cost the State exactly \$502,195, but since 1873 the cost of living has gone up considerably together with the cost of legislating for the people, and with the population of the State nearly twice as large as at the time of the last convention, it is estimated that with a proportionately larger convention, the cost would reach at least \$1,000,000 and probably more.

In 1873 the Legislature appropriated \$500,000 for a convention, and claims and other amounts aggregating \$2,195 were subsequently paid.

If the proposed bills are adopted it will be at least two years before the present Constitution can be supplanted by another. As an instance of the time required to put into effect a new Constitution it is recalled that the first definite move toward the convention of 1873 came in 1871 when the Legislature passed an act providing for the submission of the question to the people. The new constitution did not go into effect until 1874.

At an election held on October 10, 1871 the people of the State decided in favor of a Constitutional convention by a vote of 316,997 to 69,715. The act which regulated the holding of the convention was approved in April 1872, when the number of delegates was fixed at 125. Three delegates were elected on October 8, 1872, and the convention met at Harrisburg in November 12, 1872. Adjournment was taken on November 27 to meet in Philadelphia on January 7, 1873. The convention concluded its work of drafting a new constitution on November 3, 1873. This draft was submitted to the people at an election held in December 16, 1873, and was adopted by a vote of 258,744 to 108,394. The constitution thus approved by the people was put into effect on January 1, 1874.

An earlier Constitutional convention took place in 1837-8. The delegates were elected on November 8, 1836, and as in the later convention, numbered 125. The delegates met at Harrisburg on May 2, 1837, and adjourned to meet in Philadelphia on November 23. The amended Constitution was adopted and signed on February 22, 1838, and was approved by the people at the polls on October 9, 1838.

The approval of the new Constitution, however, was not overwhelming as the vote was 113,791 for and 112,750 against its adoption.

In 1790 was held the first convention following the adoption of the Colonial Constitution in 1776. This convention assembled on November 24, 1789, and its work was completed on September 2, 1790. The convention at the time was made up of only 69 delegates.

Those in favor of a Constitutional convention at this time contended that the present Constitution contains conflicting provisions, obsolete sections, and insufficient amendments, and that it is not in keeping with the broadest spirit of the time, nor the extensive development of the State's affairs.

Lincoln Highway Blue Book.

The Lincoln Highway Association is now compiling and will have ready for distribution some time in March, a two hundred page volume containing all the information needed by the cross-country driver who follows the Lincoln Highway. Gettysburg's attractions will be fully covered in the book.

There seem to be literally thousands of people in every part of the country who intend to drive to the Pacific Pacific coast over the Lincoln Highway this year.

This complete official road guide of the Lincoln Highway will answer every question which the prospective tourist could possibly want answered. In it are included the complete reports of the several score of official Lincoln Highway drivers who covered the entire route in one day on the 27th of last November, just before all touring stopped by the snow.

The book will give the mileages, the stops, the accommodations, the names of the hotels along the route and their rates, the garages and their rates, the approximate price of supplies in every locality, the condition of the roads, the local speed limits—everything which will be of benefit to the tourist.

The American Automobile Association has secured a quantity for the use of its members.

ARENTSVILLE.

Meers, A. I. Weidner and J. F. Bushey spent several days at the Agricultural meeting held at Harrisburg this week.

Benjamin Thomas of Gettysburg, who has a position in New York City, was the guest recently in the home of his aunt, Mrs. Mary J. Ralston, in this town.

Mrs. M. H. Hughes of this place and her sister Miss Mary Stark of Philadelphia were visitors with friends in Harrisburg this week.

Mr. John P. Butler town, who was first and last soldier, and who was also a personal presence last Sunday and is now in the town of the soldiers, Robert B. H. in this town.

The officers of the "Patriot-Fathers" Association of Adams County are the following: President, Mr. John Ralston; Vice-President, Mrs. C. L. Cline; Treasurer, Mrs. C. L. Cline; On Friday evening, Feb. 5, is the next meeting. Besides the music given by the Arentsville Quartet and the schools, there will be three addresses by Mr. C. S. Hays, Mrs. Allen Trumble and Rev. Hays. All are cordially invited.

WANTED.—CLEAN RAGS. Inquire at Compiler Office.

MARRIAGES.

GILBERT—BEST.—The marriage of Miss Helen Margaretta Best, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Best, to Marion Rutledge Gilbert, son of the late Rev. D. M. Gilbert, occurred in Harrisburg last Saturday. The ceremony was performed in the afternoon in the presence of the immediate families at the parsonage of the Bethlehem Lutheran Church by the pastor, the Rev. J. Bradley Markward. Mr. Gilbert has a number of acquaintances in Gettysburg and is a nephew of Miss Julia Gilbert.

HOFFMAN—FIDLER.—Miss Nerina Fidler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Fidler of Straban township, and John N. Hoffman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Hoffman of Tyrone township were married at the Biglerville Lutheran parsonage Thursday evening by Rev. C. F. Rioto. For the present they will reside at the Fidler home.

PAXTON—SMYSER.—At the home of Mr. and Mrs. William McG. Tawney, on Chambersburg street, Monday afternoon, Miss E. Pauline Smyser of York, and Fred Paxton of Washington, D. C., were married by Dr. R. S. Oyler, pastor of the Methodist Church. Miss Smyser has visited Gettysburg quite often and has many friends here.

MILLER—ARTHER.—Robert J. Miller and Miss Irene Arthur of Harrisburg were married on last Saturday by Rev. J. B. Markward. Mr. Miller was a former resident of York Springs, and is now in the employ of the Bell Telephone Company at Harrisburg.

Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Miss Anna Elizabeth McCall, daughter of Mrs. Mary McCall of Littlestown, and Charles Edwin Swisher of Gettysburg. The ceremony will be performed in St. Aloisius Church, Littlestown, at 5 o'clock on the morning of Tuesday, Feb. 9.

At Night in Africa.

Stewart Edward White, writing in the American Magazine on lion adventures, comments as follows on the ravages of wild animals in Africa after nightfall:

"We spent the short evening each in his own fashion. I in my canvas chair smoking, the men squatted on their heels around their tiny fires eating quantities of meat and corn meal. Outside our little dome of light the night businesses of the veldt went forward. Only the most formidable or the most insignificant creatures raised their voices except in alarm or warning. Lions roared; insects hummed and chirped. Out there in the dark was a different world from that in which we moved so freely during the daylight hours—a dangerous, tragic world. Next day we would find evidences of the fact. I have seen killed by lions the remains of every sort of creature except buffalo and rhinoceros. Lions are said occasionally to kill even buffalo, though rarely."

His Idea of the Best Soap.

The Flemish peasant, writes a correspondent, has no more aversion to water than the English peasant. I happen to know a good deal about both of them. There is, naturally, a kinship between the Flemish and Dutch and Dutch are universally regarded as among the most cleanly of peoples, at any rate where domestic affairs are concerned. The amount of scrubbing and house washing that goes on in the villages of Flanders and the rest of Belgium would be regarded as silly by English villagers. And, from the health point of view, those who literally earn their bread by the sweat of their brows don't need so much of the bathtub as those who consider themselves more respectable. As a Dorset laborer once remarked to me, "T' best soap, measter, be sweat!"—London Spectator.

When the Kilt Was Barred.

At one time the kilt was forbidden. It is interesting to recall the words of the oath that was administered at Fort William and elsewhere in the Highlands in 1747-8: "I, —, do swear, as I shall answer to God at the great day of judgment that I have not, nor shall have, in my possession any gun, sword, pistol or any arm whatsoever, and that I never use tartan, plaid or any part of the Highland garb, and if I do so may I be cursed in my undertakings, family and property—may I never see my wife and children, father, mother or relations—may I be killed in battle as a coward and lie without Christian burial in a strange land, far from the graves of my forefathers and kindred: may all this come across me if I break my oath."—London Chronicle.

Points on Carving.

The expert carver should choose a chair which brings the arms just a few inches above the seat to be carved, and make the movements easy and natural. The platter should be large enough to hold the entire bird or joint, placed near enough to the carver to bring the center of the knife back over the bowl when the carver's arms are extended and steadily bent at the elbows. The carving knife should have a moderate edge moderately sharp and, slightly rough or jagged. The nail edge is better for cutting meat than smooth edge. —Washington Star.

Elizabeth Fry.

Elizabeth Fry's great work for prison reform was all done after her marriage. It was in 1813 that she paid her first and memorable visit to Newgate prison, and in 1816 formed the Association. For the improvement of Female Prisoners in Newgate, which attracted such widespread interest. Her efforts were not confined to Great Britain, many continental prisons being the better for her labors. —London Mail.

After Inventory Specials

We have a number of specially large pieces of decorated dinner ware placed on our 10c counter. As there are not very many pieces of a kind the lot may go quickly. If you are interested better look at them soon. Some China pieces in the lot also.

Ask for S. & H. Green Trading Stamps. \$1.00 given free the last Wednesday of each month.

Gettysburg Dep't Store

CONVINCING FACTS

Here's a money making investment! Investigate and the facts will prove our assertion.

Invest your money in our GOOD CLOTHES while the bottom is out of the market. That's the entire story.

OUR SPLENDID NEW SUITS AND OUR

OVERCOATS

that have been sold all season for \$8, \$12, \$15 and \$18 can now be had for

\$5.75, \$7.75, \$9.75 or \$11.75

Everything in our store in Shoes, Rubbers, Hats, Caps, and Furnishing goods at Cut Prices.

Just come to see and the "fact" will convince you that "now" is the time to stock up your wardrobe.

L. E. KIRSSIN
 Balto. St. Gettysburg, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE

On SATURDAY, the 6th day of MARCH, 1915, the undersigned will sell at her residence in Fairfield, the following personal property: Oak bed room suit, bed spring, spring cot, 2 mattresses, chamber set, lounge, parlor table, 2 marble slab tables, oak table, dining table, extension table, bookcase, book shelves, 5 rocking chairs, chairs, revolving chair, 6 cane-seated chairs, hair cloth rocker, foot-rest, towel rack, four-legged stool, 6

A FEW ITEMS that we had large quantities of, remain from

The January Sale

Men's Rubbers (almost all sizes) 58 cts.
 Ladies Rubbers sizes 2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 38 cts.
 Men's Hats 48 cts., Boy's Hats 17 cts.

A fine lot of silk and wool neck mufflers at Half Original Price

A few "Ball-Band" Rubber Goods sizes 9 and 10 at 1-3 off

High School Pennants 6 cts.

Eckert's Store

"On the Square"

Farmers : and : Stockmen

Get Your Stock in Condition for Summer Work.

The careful ones always feed some good Food and Regulator.

We carry nothing but the guaranteed brands and they also carry with each package our store guarantee. "Absolute Satisfaction" or your money refunded, our brands are The Standard. The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes.

PEOPLES DRUG STORE

Rexall A. D. S. Vina! Victrola

Balto. St. Gettysburg, Pa.

lamps, 2 of them hanging lamps, lot of good books, 32 yds. Brussels carpet, 15 yds. Ingrain carpet, 30 yds. rag carpet, 36 yds. matting, lot of pictures and picture frames, curtain stretcher, Brussels carpet stretcher, lot of window screens, 3 stoves, 1 Blue Flame coal oil stove, an egg stove and a "Perfect" range, wash boiler, 2 wringers, 3 tubs, "Perfect" washing machine, lot of dishes, pots, pans and kettles, copper kettle, canned fruit, crocks, glass jars, baskets, and buckets, 6 sad-irons, wheelbarrow, shovels, hoes, saws and good tools, 1 horse wagon, sleigh, 1-2 dozen chicken coops, porch bench, and two porch chairs, lawn mower, ice cream freezer, large stepladder, potatoes by the bushel, 2 tons hay, 1900 bushels of corn, rotary pump for a 3 inch pipe, and many articles too numerous to mention. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m. at which time the terms will be made known by ANNA H. MACKLEY, Jas. Collwell, Auctioneer.

Bad Blood

Is a poisonous and dangerous thing. It affects every organ and function and brings about that low condition that predisposes to most diseases and ailments. HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA corrects it, and makes pure blood.

